

Conversion of
Fractions Part I

1. Convert the improper fractions to whole or mixed numbers.

a. $\frac{9}{2}$

= $4\frac{1}{2}$

b. $\frac{15}{2}$

=

c. $\frac{10}{3}$

=

d. $\frac{17}{3}$

=

e. $\frac{4}{4}$

= 1

f. $\frac{20}{4}$

=

g. $\frac{12}{5}$

=

h. $\frac{44}{5}$

=

i. $\frac{19}{6}$

=

j. $\frac{31}{6}$

=

k. $\frac{55}{6}$

=

l. $\frac{20}{7}$

=

m. $\frac{50}{7}$

=

n. $\frac{42}{7}$

=

o. $\frac{25}{28}$

=

p. $\frac{64}{8}$

=

q. $\frac{8}{7}$

=

r. $\frac{10}{9}$

=

s. $\frac{65}{9}$

=

t. $\frac{98}{9}$

=

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2. Express the mixed numbers as improper fractions.

a. $1\frac{2}{3}$

$$= \frac{3 \times 1 + 2}{3}$$

$$= \frac{5}{3}$$

b. $2\frac{3}{5}$

=

c. $3\frac{1}{7}$

=

d. $4\frac{5}{6}$

=

e. 3

$$= \frac{18}{6}$$

f. 4

$$= \frac{\square}{4}$$

g. 1

$$= \frac{\square}{2}$$

h. 5

$$= \frac{\square}{10}$$

i. $5\frac{3}{4}$

=

j. $6\frac{2}{9}$

=

k. $7\frac{1}{7}$

=

l. $8\frac{1}{5}$

=

m. $9\frac{2}{7}$

=

n. $10\frac{4}{9}$

=

o. $11\frac{4}{5}$

=

p. $12\frac{2}{3}$

=

q. $13\frac{2}{5}$

=

r. $14\frac{1}{2}$

=

s. $15\frac{2}{3}$

=

t. $16\frac{1}{2}$

=